Drinking Water Surveillance Program

PORT STANLEY WATER TREATMENT PLANT

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PORT STANLEY
WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

ANNUAL REPORT 1989

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

PORT STANLEY WATER TREATMENT PLANT
1989 ANNUAL REPORT

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario is a monitoring program providing immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality. The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal supplies in Ontario. In 1989, 65 plants were being monitored.

The Port Stanley Water Treatment Plant is a conventional treatment plant which treats water from Lake Erie. The process consists of coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration, disinfection and fluoridation. This plant has a design capacity of 3.27 x 1000 m^3/day and serves a population of approximately 2,100.

Water samples from the raw and treated water at the plant were taken in June and November. The Port Stanley Water Treatment Plant was sampled for the presence of approximately 180 parameters. Parameters were divided into the following groups: Bacteriological, Inorganic and Physical (Laboratory Chemistry, Field Chemistry and Metals) and Organic (Chloroaromatics, Chlorophenols, Pesticides and PCB, Phenolics, Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons, Specific Pesticides and Volatiles).

A summary of results is shown in Table A.

Inorganic and Physical parameters were below any health related Ontario Drinking Water Objectives.

Samples were analyzed in June and November for the presence of approximately 110 Organics. Levels did not exceed health related guidelines.

During 1989, the results of the limited DWSP sampling indicated that the Port Stanley Water Treatment Plant produced good quality water.

TABLE A

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP

SUMMARY TABLE BY SCAN

SCAN	RAW TESTS	RAW POSITIVE	RAW %POSITIVE	TREATED TESTS	TREATED POSITIVE	TREATED %POSITIVE
BACTERIOLOGICAL	6	6	100	6	1	16
CHEMISTRY (FLD)	6	6	100	12	10	83
CHEMISTRY (LAB)	42	36	85	42	32	76
METALS	48	31	64	48	25	52
CHLOROAROMATICS	14	0	0	14	0	0
CHLOROPHENOLS	12	0	0	12	0	0
PAH	31	0	0	31	0	0
PESTICIDES & PCB	47	0	0	47	0	0
PHENOLICS	2	0	0	2	0	0
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	54	0	0	54	0	0
VOLATILES	58	0	0	58	8	13
TOTAL	320	79		326	76	

NO KNOWN HEALTH RELATED GUIDELINES WERE EXCEEDED

A POSITIVE VALUE DENOTES THAT THE RESULT IS GREATER THAN THE STATISTICAL LIMIT OF DETECTION AND IS QUANTIFIABLE
A '.' INDICATES THAT NO SAMPLE WAS TAKEN

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

PORT STANLEY WATER TREATMENT PLANT
1989 ANNUAL REPORT

INTRODUCTION

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario is a monitoring program providing immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality. The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal supplies in Ontario. In 1989, 65 plants were being monitored.

The DWSP was initiated at the Port Stanley Water Treatment Plant in January 1986. Annual reports were published for 1986 (ISBN 0-7729-25652-8), 1987 and 1988 (ISSN 0839-8958).

This report contains information and results for 1989.

In order to accommodate the increasing number of plants on the DWSP and to facilitate the timely completion of the 1989 annual reports, plants with two or more years of published data will receive an abbreviated annual report. This report maintains the same general format as in previous years but does not include a comprehensive discussion of results. For more detail on the parameters analyzed and discussion of results, consult the 1987 and 1988 reports.

PLANT DESCRIPTION

The Port Stanley Water Treatment Plant is a conventional treatment plant that treats water from Lake Erie. The process consists of coagulation, flocculation, sedimentation, filtration , disinfection and fluoridation. This plant has a design capacity of 3.27 x 1000 m^3/day and serves a population of approximately 2,100.

The plant location is shown in Figure 1. Plant process details are shown in Figure 2. General plant information is presented in Table 2.

SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS

Plant operating personnel perform analyses on the following parameters for process control (Table 1).

Water at the Port Stanley Water Treatment plant was sampled for the presence of approximately 180 parameters two times in 1989. Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons and Phenolics are only analyzed in the raw and treated water at the plant. Laboratory analysis was conducted at the Ministry of the Environment facilities in Rexdale, Ontario.

FIGURE 1

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

SITE LOCATION MAP

PORT STANLEY WATER TREATMENT PLANT

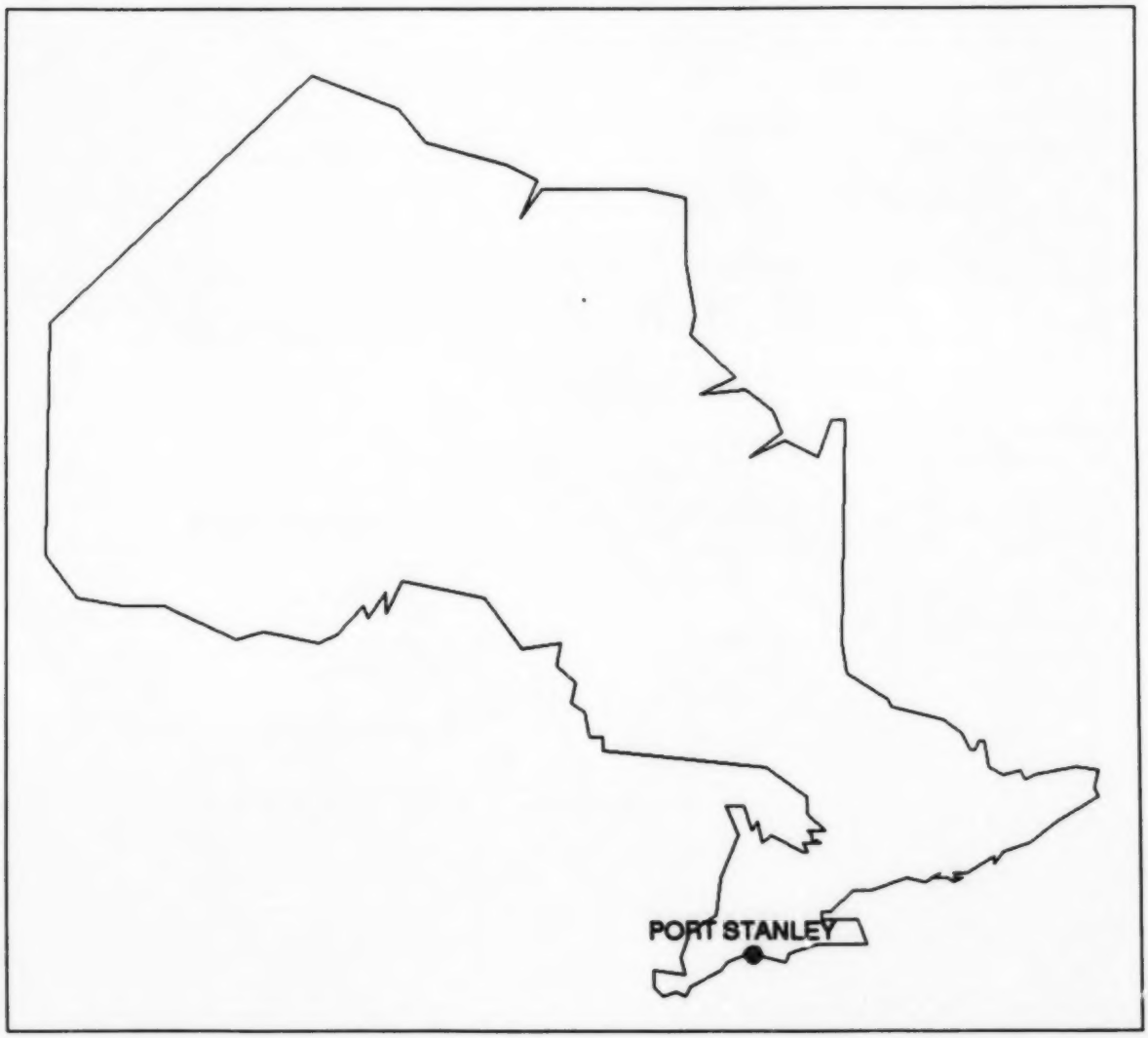

FIGURE 2

PORT STANLEY WATER TREATMENT PLANT

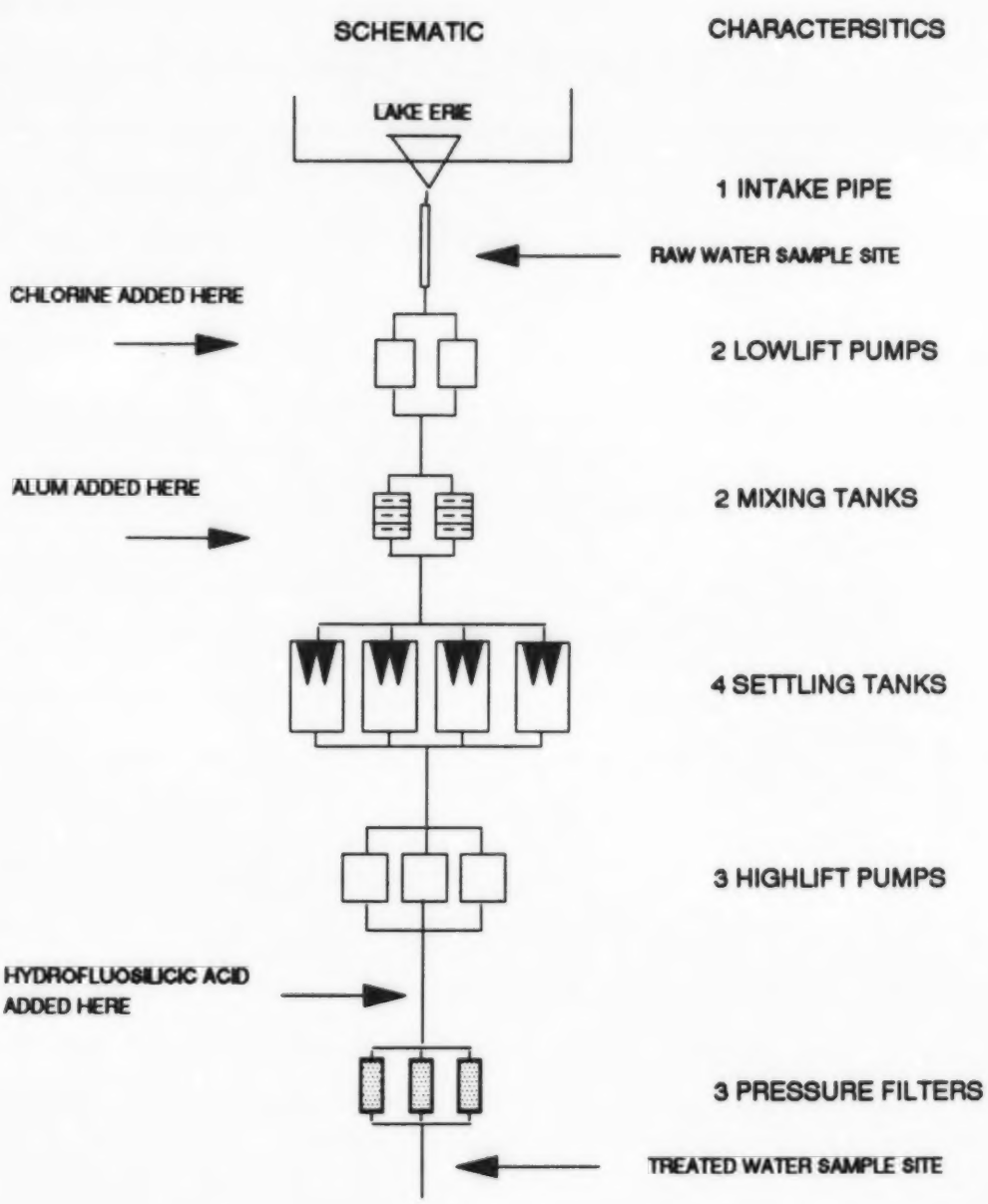

TABLE 1

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM ANNUAL REPORT

IN-PLANT MONITORING PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

PARAMETER	LOCATION	FREQUENCY
Aluminum residual	Filter discharge	2 times/week
Chlorine residual-free	Filter discharge	2 times/day
Fluoride	Filter discharge	daily
Ph	Filter discharge	daily
Turbidity	Intake well	daily
	Clear well	daily
	Filter discharge	daily

TABLE 2

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM ANNUAL REPORT

GENERAL INFORMATION

PORT STANLEY WATER TREATMENT PLANT

LOCATION:	430 EDITH CAVELL BLVD PORT STANLEY, ONTARIO (519-782-3251)
SOURCE:	RAW WATER SOURCE - LAKE ERIE
DESIGN CAPACITY:	3.27 (1000 M^3/DAY)
OPERATION:	MUNICIPAL
PLANT SUPERINTENDENT:	J.L. BOLT
MINISTRY REGION:	SOUTHWESTERN
DISTRICT OFFICER:	C. MURRAY

MUNICIPALITY SERVED	POPULATION
PORT STANLEY	2,000
YARMOUTH TOWNSHIP	54
SOUTHWOULD	36

RESULTS

Field Chemistry measurements were recorded on the day of sampling and were entered on the DWSP database as submitted by plant personnel.

Table 3 contains information on the sample day retention time, flow rate and treatment chemicals used and their associated dosages.

Table 4 is a summary break-down of the number of water samples analyzed by parameter and by water type. The number of times that a positive or trace result was detected is also reported.

Positive denotes that the result is greater than the statistical limit of detection established by the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) laboratory staff and is quantifiable. Trace (<T) denotes that the level measured is greater than the lowest value detectable by the method but lies so close to the detection limit that it cannot be confidently quantified.

Table 5 presents the results for parameters detected on at least one occasion.

Table 6 lists all parameters analyzed on the DWSP.

Associated guidelines and detection limits are also supplied on tables 5 and 6. Parameters are listed alphabetically within each scan.

DISCUSSION

General

Water quality is judged by comparison with the Ontario Drinking Water Objectives (ODWOs) as defined in the 1984 publication (ISBN 0-7743-8985-0). The Province of Ontario has health related and aesthetic objectives for 49 parameters. These are currently under review. When an ODWO is not available, guidelines/limits from other agencies are consulted. The Parameters Listing System (PALIS), recently published (ISBN 0-7729-4461-X) by the MOE, catalogues and keeps current over 1750 guidelines for 650 parameters from agencies throughout the world.

Many of the compounds detected are naturally occurring or are treatment by-products.

IN THIS REPORT, DISCUSSION IS LIMITED TO THE TREATED AND DISTRIBUTED WATER AND ADDRESSES ONLY THOSE PARAMETERS WITH CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE GUIDELINE VALUES AND ORGANIC PARAMETERS WITH POSITIVE RESULTS.

Results indicate that no health related ODWOs were exceeded.

INORGANIC PARAMETERS

Fluoride

The Laboratory results indicate that fluoride levels were above the ODWO recommended range of 1.0 - 1.4 mg/L in the November treated water sample at 1.64 mg/L.

Hardness

The ODWOs indicate that a hardness level of between 80 and 100 mg/L as calcium carbonate for domestic waters, provides an acceptable balance between corrosion and encrustation. Water supplies with a hardness greater than 200 mg/L are considered poor and would possess a tendency to form scale deposits and result in excessive soap consumption.

Organic Parameters

Trihalomethanes

Trihalomethanes (THMs) are acknowledged to be produced during the water treatment process and will always occur in chlorinated surface waters. THMs are comprised of Chloroform, Chlorodibromomethane and Dichlorobromomethane. Bromoform occurs occasionally. Results are reported for the individual compounds

as well as for total THMs. The Total THM occurrences in June and November of 42.2 µg/L and 55.3 µg/L, were well below the ODWO of 350 µg/L.

CONCLUSIONS

No health related guidelines were exceeded during 1989.

Results listed in this report for 1989 are consistent with the results reported for previous years.

Based on the limited DWSP sampling, the treated water was of good quality.

TABLE 3

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP SAMPLE DAY CONDITIONS FOR 1989

SAMPLE DAY CONDITIONS			TREATMENT CHEMICAL DOSAGES (MG/L)		
			PRE-CHLORINATION	COAGULATION	FLUORIDATION
			CHLORINE	ALUM DRY	HYDROFLUOSILICIC ACID
DATE	DELAY TIME(HRS)	FLOW (1000M3)			
JUN 20	13.0	1.4	3.07	6.10	1.53
NOV 28	16.0	1.1	3.00	5.85	1.53

* THE DELAY TIME BETWEEN THE RAW AND TREATED WATER SAMPLING, SHOULD ESTIMATE THE RETENTION TIME

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
BACTERIOLOGICAL	FECAL COLIFORM MF	2	2	0	.	.	.
	STANDRD PLATE CNT MF	.	.	.	2	0	0
	TOTAL COLIFORM MF	2	2	0	2	1	0
	T COLIFORM BCKGRD MF	2	2	0	2	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN BACTERIOLOGICAL		6	6	0	6	1	0
*TOTAL GROUP BACTERIOLOGICAL		6	6	0	6	1	0
CHEMISTRY (FLD)	FLD CHLORINE (COMB)	.	.	.	2	2	0
	FLD CHLORINE FREE	.	.	.	2	2	0
	FLD CHLORINE (TOTAL)	.	.	.	2	2	0
	FLD PH	2	2	0	2	2	0
	FLD TEMPERATURE	2	2	0	2	2	0
	FLD TURBIDITY	2	2	0	2	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHEMISTRY (FLD)		6	6	0	12	10	0
CHEMISTRY (LAB)	ALKALINITY	2	2	0	2	2	0
	CALCIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	CYANIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CHLORIDE	2	2	0	2	2	0
	COLOUR	2	0	0	2	0	2
	CONDUCTIVITY	2	2	0	2	2	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
CHEMISTRY (LAB)	FLUORIDE	2	2	0	2	2	0
	HARDNESS	2	2	0	2	2	0
	IONCAL	2	2	0	2	2	0
	LANGELIERS INDEX	2	2	0	2	2	0
	MAGNESIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	SODIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	AMMONIUM TOTAL	2	1	0	2	0	1
	NITRITE	2	2	0	2	0	2
	TOTAL NITRATES	2	1	0	2	2	0
	NITROGEN TOT KJELD	2	2	0	2	2	0
	PH	2	2	0	2	2	0
	PHOSPHORUS FIL REACT	2	2	0	2	0	1
	PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	2	2	0	2	2	0
	SULPHATE	2	2	0	2	2	0
	TURBIDITY	2	2	0	2	2	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHEMISTRY (LAB)		42	36	0	42	32	6
METALS	SILVER	2	0	1	2	0	0
	ALUMINUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	ARSENIC	2	2	0	2	1	1
	BARIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	BORON	2	2	0	2	2	0
	BERYLLIUM	2	0	2	2	0	1

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
METALS	CADMIUM	2	0	0	2	0	1
	COBALT	2	0	2	2	0	2
	CHROMIUM	2	1	1	2	1	0
	COPPER	2	2	0	2	2	0
	IRON	2	2	0	2	0	2
	MERCURY	2	0	2	2	0	1
	MANGANESE	2	2	0	2	2	0
	MOLYBDENUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	NICKEL	2	0	2	2	0	2
	LEAD	2	2	0	2	0	2
	ANTIMONY	2	2	0	2	2	0
	SELENIUM	2	0	1	2	1	0
	STRONTIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	TITANIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	THALLIUM	2	0	2	2	0	1
	URANIUM	2	2	0	2	2	0
	VANADIUM	2	2	0	2	0	2
	ZINC	2	2	0	2	2	0
*TOTAL SCAN METALS		48	31	13	48	25	15
*TOTAL GROUP INORGANIC & PHYSICAL		96	73	13	102	67	21
CHLOROAROMATICS	HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	123 TRICHLOROBENZENE	1	0	0	1	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
CHLOROAROMATICS	1234 T-CHLOROBENZENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	1235 T-CHLOROBENZENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	124 TRICHLOROBENZENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	1245 T-CHLOROBENZENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	135 TRICHLOROBENZENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	HCB	1	0	0	1	0	0
	HEXACHLOROETHANE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	OCTACHLOROSTYRENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	PENTACHLOROBENZENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	236 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	245 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	26A TRICHLOROTOLUENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHLOROAROMATICS		14	0	0	14	0	0
CHLOROPHENOLS	234 TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0
	2345 T-CHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0
	2356 T-CHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0
	245-TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0
	246-TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PENTACHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHLOROPHENOLS		12	0	0	12	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
PAH	PHENANTHRENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	ANTHRACENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	FLUORANTHENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PYRENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CHRYSENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	DIMETH. BENZ(A)ANTHR	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BENZO(E) PYRENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	BENZO(B) FLUORANTHEN	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PERYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	BENZO(K) FLUORANTHEN	2	0	0	2	0	0
	BENZO(A) PYRENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	BENZO(G,H,I) PERYLEN	2	0	0	2	0	0
	DIBENZO(A,H) ANTHRAC	2	0	0	2	0	0
	INDENO(1,2,3-C,D) PY	2	0	0	2	0	0
	BENZO(B) CHRYSENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CORONENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN PAH		31	0	0	31	0	0
PESTICIDES & PCB	ALDRIN	1	0	0	1	0	0
	ALPHA BHC	1	0	0	1	0	0
	BETA BHC	1	0	0	1	0	0
	LINDANE	1	0	0	1	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
PESTICIDES & PCB	ALPHA CHLORDANE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	GAMMA CHLORDANE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	DIELDRIN	1	0	0	1	0	0
	METHOXYCHLOR	1	0	0	1	0	0
	ENDOSULFAN 1	1	0	0	1	0	0
	ENDOSULFAN II	1	0	0	1	0	0
	ENDRIN	1	0	0	1	0	0
	ENDOSULFAN SULPHATE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	HEPTACHLOR	1	0	0	1	0	0
	MIREX	1	0	0	1	0	0
	OXYCHLORDANE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	OPDDT	1	0	0	1	0	0
	PCB	1	0	0	1	0	0
	DDD	1	0	0	1	0	0
	PPDDE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	PPDDT	1	0	0	1	0	0
	AMETRINE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	ATRAZINE	2	0	1	2	0	1
	ATRATONE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CYANAZINE (BLADEX)	2	0	0	2	0	0
	D-ETHYL ATRAZINE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	D-ETHYL SIMAZINE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PROMETONE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PROPAZINE	2	0	0	2	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
PESTICIDES & PCB	PROMETRYNE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	METRIBUZIN (SENCOR)	2	0	0	2	0	0
	SIMAZINE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	ALACHLOR (LASSO)	2	0	0	2	0	0
	METOLACHLOR	2	0	0	2	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN PESTICIDES & PCB		47	0	1	47	0	1
PHENOLICS	PHENOLICS	2	0	2	2	0	1
*TOTAL SCAN PHENOLICS		2	0	2	2	0	1
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	TOXAPHENE	1	0	0	1	0	0
	2,4,5-T	2	0	0	2	0	0
	2,4-D	2	0	0	2	0	0
	2,4-DB	2	0	0	2	0	0
	2,4 D PROPIONIC ACID	2	0	0	2	0	0
	DICAMBA	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PICHLORAM	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SILVEX	2	0	0	2	0	0
	DIAZINON	2	0	0	2	0	0
	DICHLOROVOS	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CHLORPYRIFOS	2	0	0	2	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	ETHION	2	0	0	2	0	0
	AZINPHOS-METHYL	0	0	0	0	0	0
	MALATHION	2	0	0	2	0	0
	MEVINPHOS	2	0	0	2	0	0
	METHYL PARATHION	2	0	0	2	0	0
	METHYLTRITHION	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PARATHION	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PHORATE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	RELDAN	2	0	0	2	0	0
	RONNEL	2	0	0	2	0	0
	AMINOCARB	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BENOMYL	1	0	0	1	0	0
	BUX	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CARBOFURAN	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CICP	2	0	0	2	0	0
	DIALLATE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	EPTAM	2	0	0	2	0	0
	IPC	2	0	0	2	0	0
	PROPOXUR	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CARBARYL	2	0	0	2	0	0
	BUTYLATE	2	0	0	2	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN SPECIFIC PESTICIDES		54	0	0	54	0	0
VOLATILES	BENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
VOLATILES	TOLUENE	2	0	0	2	0	1
	ETHYLBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	P-XYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	M-XYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	O-XYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	STYRENE	2	0	1	2	0	0
	1,1 DICHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	METHYLENE CHLORIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	T1,2DICHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	1,1 DICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CHLOROFORM	2	0	0	2	2	0
	111, TRICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	1,2 DICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	1,2 DICHLOROPROPANE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	TRICHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	2	0	0	2	2	0
	112 TRICHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	2	0	0	2	2	0
	T-CHLOROETHYLENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	BROMOFORM	2	0	0	2	0	2
	1122 T-CHLOROETHANE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	CHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	1,3 DICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0

TABLE 4

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY

SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1989)

SCAN	PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED		
		TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
VOLATILES	1,2 DICHLOROBENZENE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	ETHLYENE DIBROMIDE	2	0	0	2	0	0
	TOTL TRIHALOMETHANES	2	0	0	2	2	0
*TOTAL SCAN VOLATILES		58	0	1	58	8	3
*TOTAL GROUP ORGANIC		218	0	4	218	8	5
TOTAL		320	79	17	326	76	26

KEY TO TABLE 5 and 6

A ONTARIO DRINKING WATER OBJECTIVES (ODWO)
1. Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC)
1+. MAC for Total Trihalomethanes
1*. MAC for Bacteriological Analyses
Poor water quality is indicated when :
- total coliform counts > 0 < 5
- P/A Bottle Test is present after 48 hours
- Aeromonas organisms are detected in more than 25% of samples in a single submission or in successive submissions from the same sampling site
- Pseudomonas Aeruginosa, Staphylococcus Aureus and members of the Fecal Streptococcus group should not be detected in any sample
- Standard Plate Count should not exceed 500 organisms per ml at 35 ^{0}C within 48 hours
2. Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration (IMAC)
3. Maximum Desirable Concentration (MDC)
4. Aesthetic or Recommended Operational Guideline
- hardness levels between 80 and 100 mg/L as calcium carbonate are considered to provide an acceptable balance between corrosion and incrustation, water supplies with a hardness >200 mg/L are considered poor and those in excess of 500 mg/L are unacceptable.

B HEALTH & WELFARE CANADA (H&W)
1. Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC)
2. Proposed MAC
3. Interim MAC
4. Aesthetic Objective (AO) (for xylenes, a total)

C WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO)
1. Guideline Value (GV)
2. Tentative GV
3. Aesthetic GV

D US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)
1. Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)
2. Suggested No-Adverse Effect Level (SNAEL)
3. Lifetime Health Advisory
4. EPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria
5. Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)

F EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY (EEC)
1. Health Related Guideline Level
2. Aesthetic Guideline Level
3. Maximum Admissable Concentration (MADC)

G CALIFORNIA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH-GUIDELINE VALUE

H USSR MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE CONCENTRATION

I NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER GUIDELINE

N/A NONE AVAILABLE

INTERPRETATION OF DATA

The interpretation of analytical results that are obtained from measurements near the limit of detection of the measurement process is subject to greater uncertainty than those at higher concentrations. The principle areas of concern relate to whether the substance has actually been detected, whether it has been properly identified, and whether it is an artifact of the measurement process. In other words, false positives can be caused by the instrumentation or the test procedures used, when in fact these compounds are not present in the sample.

There are several methods to treat data from such measurements:
1. Exclude the low-level data because of this uncertainty factor. Studies of long-term environmental trends and modelling may however, be adversely affected by the exclusion of such data.
2. Qualify these data so the user is aware of the greater uncertainty associated with their use.

For the Drinking Water Surveillance Program, measurements near the limit of detection of the measurement process are reported with the code "<T". Results qualified by "W" indicate a zero measurement. These results are reported for purposes of modelling and long-term trend analysis and no significance should be attributed to a single determination of a substance below "T" (a single determination may well be a false positive). Repeat analysis or additional data are needed before it can be stated with certainty that the substance in question was truly present. On the other hand, it is less likely that repeated detection of a substance at or near the limit of detection at a specific location is solely due to an artifact in the measurement system, and more likely represents a true positive. The average of such data however, is still only an estimate of the amount of substance present subject to the possible biases of the method used.

LABORATORY RESULTS, REMARK DESCRIPTIONS

.	No Sample Taken
BDL	Below Minimum Measurable Amount
<T	Greater Than Detection Limit But Not Confident (SEE INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS ABOVE)
>	Results Are Greater Than The Upper Limit
<=>	Approximate Result
!CS	No Data: Contamination Suspected
!IL	No Data: Sample Incorrectly Labelled
!IS	No Data: Insufficient Sample
!IV	No Data: Inverted Septum
!LA	No Data: Laboratory Accident
!LD	No Data: Test Queued After Sample Discarded

!IS	No Data: Insufficient Sample
!LA	No Data: Laboratory Accident
!LD	No Data: Test Queued After Sample Discarded
!NA	No Data: No Authorization To Perform Reanalysis
!NP	No Data: No Procedure
!NR	No Data: Sample Not Received
!OP	No Data: Obscured Plate
!QU	No Data: Quality Control Unacceptable
!PE	No Data: Procedural Error - Sample Discarded
!PH	No Data: Sample pH Outside Valid Range
!RE	No Data: Received Empty
!RO	No Data: See Attached Report (no numeric results)
!SM	No Data: Sample Missing
!SS	No Data: Send Separate Sample Properly Preserved
!UI	No Data: Indeterminant Interference
!TX	No Data: Time Expired
A3C	Approximate, Total Count Exceeded 300 Colonies
APL	Additional Peak, Large, Not Priority Pollutant
APS	Additional Peak, Less Than, Not Priority Pollutant
CIC	Possible Contamination, Improper Cap
CRO	Calculated Result Only
PPS	Test Performed On Preserved Sample
RMP	P and M-Xylene Not Separated
RRV	Rerun Verification
RVU	Reported Value Unusual
SPS	Several Peaks, Small, Not Priority Pollutant
UCR	Unreliable: Could Not Confirm By Reanalysis
UCS	Unreliable: Contamination Suspected
UIN	Unreliable: Indeterminant Interference
XP	Positive After X Number of Hours

T# (T06) Result Taken After # Hours

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

WATER TREATMENT PLANT			DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	
	RAW	TREATED		
BACTERIOLOGICAL				
FECAL COLIFORM MF (CT/100ML)			DET'N LIMIT = 0	GUIDELINE = 0 (A1)
JUN	2	.		
NOV	16	.		
STANDRD PLATE CNT MF ( )			DET'N LIMIT =	GUIDELINE =
JUN	.	4 <=>		
NOV	.	0 <=>		
TOTAL COLIFORM MF (CT/100ML)			DET'N LIMIT = 0	GUIDELINE = 5/100ML(A1)
JUN	80 A3C	2		
NOV	330	0		
T COLIFORM BCKGRD MF (CT/100ML)			DET'N LIMIT = 0	GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	9600 >	0		
NOV	2500	0		

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

	WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	
	RAW	TREATED		
CHEMISTRY (FLD)				
FLD CHLORINE (COMB) ( )			DET'N LIMIT =	GUIDELINE =
JUN	.	1.400		
NOV	.	1.000		
FLD CHLORINE FREE ( )			DET'N LIMIT =	GUIDELINE =
JUN	.	1.000		
NOV	.	.800		
FLD CHLORINE (TOTAL) ( )			DET'N LIMIT =	GUIDELINE =
JUN	.	.400		
NOV	.	.200		
FLD PH (DIMNSLESS)			DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = 6.5-8.5(A4)
JUN	7.000	6.900		
NOV	7.100	6.900		
FLD TEMPERATURE (DEG.C)			DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = 15 (A1)
JUN	15.000	15.000		
NOV	6.000	6.000		
FLD TURBIDITY (FTU)			DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = 1.0 (A1)
JUN	40.000	.000		
NOV	80.000	.000		

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	
	RAW	TREATED	
CHEMISTRY (LAB)			
ALKALINITY (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .200	GUIDELINE = 30-500 (A4)
JUN	98.600	105.600	
NOV	101.400	97.000	
CALCIUM (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .100	GUIDELINE = 100 (F2)
JUN	36.800	42.400	
NOV	39.200	42.400	
CHLORIDE (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .200	GUIDELINE = 250 (A3)
JUN	13.700	19.200	
NOV	14.400	16.400	
COLOUR (HZU)		DET'N LIMIT = .5	GUIDELINE = 5.0 (A3)
JUN	BDL	.500 <T	
NOV	BDL	.500 <T	
CONDUCTIVITY (UMHO/CM)		DET'N LIMIT = 1	GUIDELINE = 400 (F2)
JUN	280	335	
NOV	276	304	
FLUORIDE (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .01	GUIDELINE = 2.400 (A1)
JUN	.060	1.200	
NOV	.120	1.640	
HARDNESS (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .500	GUIDELINE = 80-100 (A4)
JUN	127.000	145.000	
NOV	136.000	144.000	
IONCAL (DIMNSLESS)		DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	1.752	.692	
NOV	4.091	6.082	
LANGELIERS INDEX (DIMNSLESS)		DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	.218	.306	
NOV	.410	.524	
MAGNESIUM (MG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .050	GUIDELINE = 30 (F2)
JUN	8.600	9.600	
NOV	9.200	9.200	

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

	WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM	
	RAW	TREATED		
SODIUM (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .200	GUIDELINE = 200 (C3)
JUN	7.800	10.200		
NOV	7.200	7.600		
AMMONIUM TOTAL (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.002	GUIDELINE = .05 (F2)
JUN	.022	BDL		
NOV	BDL	.002 <T		
NITRITE (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.001	GUIDELINE = 1.000 (A1)
JUN	.009	.001 <T		
NOV	.016	.002 <T		
TOTAL NITRATES (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .020	GUIDELINE = 10.000 (A1)
JUN	.170	.290		
NOV	BDL	.275		
NITROGEN TOT KJELD (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .020	GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	.260	.160		
NOV	.400	.170		
PH (DIMNSLESS)			DET'N LIMIT = N/A	GUIDELINE = 6.5-8.5(A4)
JUN	8.090	8.100		
NOV	8.240	8.350		
PHOSPHORUS FIL REACT (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .0005	GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	.014	BDL		
NOV	.040	.000 <T		
PHOSPHORUS TOTAL (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .002	GUIDELINE = .40 (F2)
JUN	.035	.015		
NOV	.130	.011		
SULPHATE (MG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .200	GUIDELINE = 500. (A3)
JUN	22.340	31.350		
NOV	22.730	28.680		
TURBIDITY (FTU)			DET'N LIMIT = .02	GUIDELINE = 1.00 (A1)
JUN	35.000	.650		
NOV	3.000	.270		

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED
METALS		
SILVER (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .020 GUIDELINE = 50. (A1)
JUN	.030 <T	BDL
NOV	BDL	BDL
ALUMINUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = 100.(A4)
JUN	460.000	93.000
NOV	440.000	67.000
ARSENIC (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.050 GUIDELINE = 50.0 (A1)
JUN	1.100	1.200
NOV	1.100	.700 <T
BARIUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.020 GUIDELINE = 1000. (A1)
JUN	28.000	25.000
NOV	31.000	25.000
BORON (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.200 GUIDELINE = 5000. (A1)
JUN	44.000	47.000
NOV	22.000	21.000
BERYLLIUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.010 GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	.200 <T	.160 <T
NOV	.040 <T	BDL
CADMIUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.050 GUIDELINE = 5.000 (A1)
JUN	BDL	.110 <T
NOV	BDL	BDL
COBALT (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.020 GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	.190 <T	.070 <T
NOV	.860 <T	.140 <T
CHROMIUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.100 GUIDELINE = 50. (A1)
JUN	5.800	5.700
NOV	.480 <T	BDL
COPPER (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = .100 GUIDELINE = 1000 (A3)
JUN	5.700	2.000
NOV	17.000	1.500

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

	WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED	
IRON (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 4.000 GUIDELINE = 300. (A3)
JUN	390.000	16.000 <T	
NOV	960.000	18.000 <T	
MERCURY (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.010 GUIDELINE = 1.000 (A1)
JUN	.020 <T	.030 <T	
NOV	.020 <T	BDL	
MANGANESE (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = 50.0 (A3)
JUN	14.000	.640	
NOV	85.000	.530	
MOLYBDENUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.020 GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	1.300	1.700	
NOV	.610	1.300	
NICKEL (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.100 GUIDELINE = 50. (F3)
JUN	.590 <T	.570 <T	
NOV	1.600 <T	.530 <T	
LEAD (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.050 GUIDELINE = 50. (A1)
JUN	.880	.130 <T	
NOV	2.000	.040 <T	
ANTIMONY (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = 146. (D4)
JUN	.670	.720	
NOV	.270	.590	
SELENIUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.200 GUIDELINE = 10. (A1)
JUN	1.500 <T	5.700	
NOV	BDL	BDL	
STRONTIUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	150.000	170.000	
NOV	170.000	160.000	
TITANIUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	27.000	5.400	
NOV	12.000	3.300	
THALLIUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .010 GUIDELINE = 13. (D4)

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

	WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED	
URANIUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .020 GUIDELINE = 100.(B1)
JUN	.030 <T	.090 <T	
NOV	.040 <T	BDL	
VANADIUM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = N/A
JUN	1.100	.240 <T	
NOV	1.600	.320 <T	
ZINC (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .001 GUIDELINE = 5000. (A3)
JUN	13.000	13.000	
NOV	22.000	1.200	

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

	WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED	
PESTICIDES & PCB			
ATRAZINE (NG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 50.00	GUIDELINE = 60000 (B3)
JUN	BDL	BDL	
NOV	160.000 <T	160.000 <T	

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

	WATER TREATMENT PLANT		DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED	
PHENOLICS (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = 0.2 GUIDELINE = 2.00 (A3)
JUN	1.000 <T	.600 <T	
NOV	1.000 <T	BDL	

TABLE 5

DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PORT STANLEY WTP 1989

WATER TREATMENT PLANT			DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM
	RAW	TREATED	
VOLATILES			
TOLUENE (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = 24.0 (B4)
JUN	BDL	.100 <T	
NOV	BDL	BDL	
STYRENE (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = 46.5 (D2)
JUN	.150 <T	BDL	
NOV	BDL	BDL	
CHLOROFORM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .100 GUIDELINE = 350 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	29.700	
NOV	BDL	32.200	
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .050 GUIDELINE = 350 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	13.300	
NOV	BDL	13.300	
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .100 GUIDELINE = 350 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	5.300	
NOV	BDL	4.600	
BROMOFORM (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .200 GUIDELINE = 350 (A1+)
JUN	BDL	.600 <T	
NOV	BDL	.200 <T	
TOTL TRIHALOMETHANES (UG/L)			DET'N LIMIT = .500 GUIDELINE = 350 (A1)
JUN	BDL	48.900	
NOV	BDL	50.300	

TRACE LEVELS OF TOLUENE ARE LABORATORY ARTIFACTS DERIVED FROM THE ANALYTICAL METHODOLOGY.

TRACE LEVELS OF STYRENE ARE CONSIDERED TO BE LABORATORY ARTIFACTS RESULTING FROM THE LABORATORY SHIPPING CONTAINERS.

Table 6

SCAN/PARAMETER	UNIT	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE
BACTERIOLOGICAL			
FECAL COLIFORM MEMBRANE FILTRATION	CT/100ML	0	0 (A1)
STANDARD PLATE COUNT MEMBRANE FILTRATION	CT/ML	0	500/ML(A1)
TOTAL COLIFORM MEMBRANE FILTRATION	CT/100ML	0	5/100mL(A1)
TOTAL COLIFORM BACKGROUND MF	CT/100ML	0	N/A
CHLOROAROMATICS			
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	NG/L	1.000	450. (D4)
1,2,3-TRICHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	5.000	10000 (I)
1,2,3,4-TETRACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.000	10000 (I)
1,2,3,5-TETRACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.000	10000 (I)
1,2,4-TRICHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	5.000	10000 (I)
1,2,4,5-TETRACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.000	38000 (D4)
1,3,5-TRICHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	5.000	10000 (D4)
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.0	10. (C1)
HEXACHLOROETHANE	NG/L	1.000	1900. (D4)
OCTACHLOROSTYRENE	NG/L	1.000	N/A
PENTACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.000	74000 (D4)
2,3,6-TRICHLOROTOLUENE	NG/L	5.000	N/A
2,4,5-TRICHLOROTOLUENE	NG/L	5.000	N/A
2,6,A-TRICHLOROTOLUENE	NG/L	5.000	N/A
CHLOROPHENOLS			
2,3,4-TRICHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	50.	N/A
2,3,4,5-TETRACHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	50.	N/A
2,3,5,6-TETRACHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	50.	N/A
2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	50.	2600000 (D4)
2,4,6-TRICHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	50.	2000. (B4)
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	50.	30000. (B4)
CHEMISTRY (FLD)			
FIELD COMBINED CHLORINE RESIDUAL	MG/L	N/A	N/A
FIELD FREE CHLORINE RESIDUAL	MG/L	N/A	N/A
FIELD TOTAL CHLORINE RESIDUAL	MG/L	N/A	N/A
FIELD PH	DMSNLESS	N/A	6.5-8.5(A4)
FIELD TEMPERATURE	^{o}C	N/A	<15 ^{o}C(A1)
FIELD TURBIDITY	FTU	N/A	1.0 (A1)
CHEMISTRY (LAB)			
ALKALINITY	MG/L	.200	30-500(A4)
CALCIUM	MG/L	.100	100. (F2)
CYANIDE	MG/L	.001	.20(A1)
CHLORIDE	MG/L	.200	250. (A3)
COLOUR	TCU	.5	5.0 (A3)
CONDUCTIVITY	UMHO/CM	1.	400. (F2)
FLUORIDE	MG/L	.01	2.4 (A1)
HARDNESS	MG/L	.50	80-100(A4)
MAGNESIUM	MG/L	.05	30. (F2)
SODIUM	MG/L	.20	200. (C3)
AMMONIUM TOTAL	MG/L	.002	.05(F2)
NITRITE	MG/L	.001	1.0 (A1)
TOTAL NITRATES	MG/L	.02	10. (A1)
NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	MG/L	.02	N/A
PH	DMSNLESS	N/A	6.5-8.5(A4)
PHOSPHORUS FIL REACT	MG/L	.0005	N/A
PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	MG/L	.002	.40(F2)
SULPHATE	MG/L	.200	500. (A3)
TOTAL SOLIDS	MG/L	1.	500. (A3)
TURBIDITY	FTU	.02	1.0 (A1)

ANTIMONY	UG/L	.050	10.	(F3)
ARSENIC	UG/L	.050	50.	(A1)
BARIUM	UG/L	.020	1000.	(A1)
BORON	UG/L	.200	5000.	(A1)
BERYLLIUM	UG/L	.010	0.20	(H)
CADMIUM	UG/L	.050	5.0	(A1)
COBALT	UG/L	.020	1000.	(H)
CHROMIUM	UG/L	.100	50.	(A1)
COPPER	UG/L	.100	1000.	(A3)
IRON	UG/L	5.0	300.	(A3)
MERCURY	UG/L	.01	1.0	(A1)
MANGANESE	UG/L	.050	50.	(A3)
MOLYBDENUM	UG/L	.020	500.	(H)
NICKEL	UG/L	.100	50.	(F3)
LEAD	UG/L	.020	50.	(A1)
SELENIUM	UG/L	.200	10.	(A1)
SILVER	UG/L	.020	50.	(A1)
STRONTIUM	UG/L	.100	2000.	(H)
THALLIUM	UG/L	.010	13.	(D4)
TITANIUM	UG/L	.100	N/A	
URANIUM	UG/L	.020	20.	(A2)
VANADIUM	UG/L	.020	100.	(H)
ZINC	UG/L	.020	5000.	(A3)

PHENOLICS

PHENOLICS (UNFILTERED REACTIVE)	UG/L	.2	2.0	(A3)

PESTICIDES & PCB

ALDRIN	NG/L	1.0	700.	(A1)
AMETRINE	NG/L	50.	300000.	(D3)
ATRAZINE	NG/L	50.	60000.	(B3)
ALPHA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE (BHC)	NG/L	1.0	700.	(G)
BETA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE (BHC)	NG/L	1.0	300.	(G)
GAMMA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE(LINDANE)	NG/L	1.0	4000.	(A1)
ALPHA CHLORDANE	NG/L	2.0	7000.	(A1)
GAMMA CHLORDANE	NG/L	2.0	7000.	(A1)
BLADEX	NG/L	100.	10000.	(B3)
DIELDRIN	NG/L	2.0	700.	(A1)
METHOXYCHLOR	NG/L	5.0	900000.	(B1)
ENDOSULFAN 1 (THIODAN I)	NG/L	2.0	74000.	(D4)
ENDOSULFAN 2 (THIODAN II)	NG/L	4.0	74000.	(D4)
ENDRIN	NG/L	4.0	200.	(A1)
ENDOSULFAN SULPHATE(THIODAN SULPHATE)	NG/L	4.0	N/A	

SCAN/PARAMETER	UNIT	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE	
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	NG/L	1.0	3000.	(A1)
HEPTACHLOR	NG/L	1.0	3000.	(A1)
METOLACHLOR	NG/L	500.	50000.	(B3)
MIREX	NG/L	5.0	N/A	
OXYCHLORDANE	NG/L	2.0	N/A	
O,P-DDT	NG/L	5.0	30000.	(A1)
PCB	NG/L	20.0	3000.	(A2)
O,P-DDD	NG/L	5.0	N/A	
PPDDE	NG/L	1.0	30000.	(A1)
PPDDT	NG/L	5.0	30000.	(A1)
ATRATONE	NG/L	50.	N/A	
ALACHLOR	NG/L	500.	35000.	(D2)
PROMETONE	NG/L	50.	52500.	(D3)
PROPAZINE	NG/L	50.	16000.	(D2)
PROMETRYNE	NG/L	50.	1000.	(B3)
SENCOR (METRIBUZIN)	NG/L	100.	80000.	(B2)
SIMAZINE	NG/L	50.	10000.	(B3)

POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS

PHENANTHRENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A	
ANTHRACENE	NG/L	1.0	N/A	
FLUORANTHENE	NG/L	20.0	42000.	(D4)
PYRENE	NG/L	20.0		N/A
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	NG/L	20.0	N/A	
CHRYSENE	NG/L	50.0	N/A	
DIMETHYL BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	NG/L	5.0	N/A	
BENZO(E)PYRENE	NG/L	50.0	N/A	
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A	

PERYLENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A	
BENZO(K)FLUORANTHENE	NG/L	1.0	N/A	
BENZO(A)PYRENE	NG/L	5.0	10.	(B1)
BENZO(G,H,I)PERYLENE	NG/L	20.0	N/A	
DIBENZO(A,H)ANTHRACENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A	
INDENO(1,2,3-C,D)PYRENE	NG/L	20.0	N/A	
BENZO(B)CHRYSENE	NG/L	2.0	N/A	
CORONENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A	

SPECIFIC PESTICIDES

TOXAPHENE	NG/L	N/A	5000.	(A1)
2,4,5-TRICHLOROBUTYRIC ACID (2,4,5-T)	NG/L	50.	200000.	(B4)
2,4-DICHLOROBUTYRIC ACID (2,4-D)	NG/L	100.	100000.	(A1)
2,4-DICHLORORPHENOXYBUTYRIC ACID	NG/L	200.	18000.	(B3)
2,4-D PROPIONIC ACID	NG/L	100.	N/A	
DICAMBA	NG/L	100.	120000.	(B1)
PICLORAM	NG/L	100.	190000.	(B3)
SILVEX (2,4,5-TP)	NG/L	50.	10000.	(A1)
DIAZINON	NG/L	20.	20000.	(B1)
DICHLOROVOS	NG/L	20.	N/A	
DURSBAN	NG/L	20.	N/A	
ETHION	NG/L	20.	35000.	(G)
GUTHION(AZINPHOSMETHYL)	NG/L	N/A	20000.	(B1)
MALATHION	NG/L	20.	190000.	(B1)
MEVINPHOS	NG/L	20.	N/A	
METHYL PARATHION	NG/L	50.	7000.	(A1)
METHYLTRITHION	NG/L	20.	N/A	

SCAN/PARAMETER	UNIT	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE	
PARATHION	NG/L	20.	50000.	(B1)
PHORATE (THIMET)	NG/L	20.	2000.	(B3)
RELDAN	NG/L	20.	N/A	
RONNEL	NG/L	20.	N/A	
AMINOCARB	NG/L	N/A	N/A	
BENONYL	NG/L	N/A	N/A	
BUX (METALKAMATE)	NG/L	2000.	N/A	
CARBOFURAN	NG/L	2000.	90000.	(B1)
CICP (CHLORPROPHAM)	NG/L	2000.	350000.	(G)
DIALLATE	NG/L	2000.	30000.	(H)
EPTAM	NG/L	2000.	N/A	
IPC	NG/L	2000.	N/A	
PROPOXUR (BAYGON)	NG/L	2000.	90000.	(G)
SEVIN (CARBARYL)	NG/L	200.	90000.	(B1)
SUTAN (BUTYLATE)	NG/L	2000.	245000.	(D3)

VOLATILES

BENZENE	UG/L	.050	5.0	(B1)
TOLUENE	UG/L	.050	24.0	(B4)
ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	.050	2.4	(B4)
PARA-XYLENE	UG/L	.100	300.	(B4)
META-XYLENE	UG/L	.100	300.	(B4)
ORTHO-XYLENE	UG/L	.050	300.	(B4)
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	.100	7.0	(D1)
ETHLYENE DIBROMIDE	UG/L	.05	.05	G)
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	UG/L	.500	50.	(B1)
TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	.100	70.	(D5)
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	.100	N/A	
CHLOROFORM	UG/L	.100	350.	(A1+)
1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	.020	200.	(D1)
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	.050	5.0	(D1)
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	UG/L	.200	5.0	(B1)
1,2-DICHLOROPROPANE	UG/L	.050	6.0	(D5)
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	.100	50.	(B1)
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	UG/L	.050	350.	(A1+)
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	.050	.60	(D4)
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	UG/L	.100	350.	(A1+)
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	.050	10.0	(C2)
BROMOFORM	UG/L	.200	350.	(A1+)
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLOROETHANE	UG/L	.050	0.17	(D4)
CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	.100	60.	(D5)
1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	.100	1.0	(B4)
1,3-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	.100	130.	(G)

1,2-DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	.050	3.0	(B4)
TRIFLUOROCHLOROTOLUENE	UG/L	.100	N/A	
TOTAL TRIHALOMETHANES	UG/L	.500	350.	(A1)
STYRENE	UG/L	.05	140.	(D5)